FORMS OF A LINE COMMON CORE ALGEBRA II

Linear functions come in a variety of forms. The two shown below have been introduced in Common Core Algebra I and Common Core Geometry.

TWO COMMON FORMS OF A LINE	
Slope-Intercept: $y = mx + b$	Point-Slope: $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$
where <i>m</i> is the slope (or average rate of change) of the line and (x_1, y_1) represents one point on the line.	
Exercise #1: Consider the linear function $f(x) = 3x + 5$.	
(a) Determine the <i>y</i> -intercept of this function by	(b) Find its average rate of change over the

- *Exercise* #2: Consider a line whose slope is 5 and which passes through the point (-2, 8).
- (a) Write the equation of this line in point-slope form, $y y_1 = m(x x_1)$.
- (b) Write the equation of this line in slopeintercept form, y = mx + b.

interval $-2 \le x \le 3$.

Exercise #3: Which of the following represents an equation for the line that is parallel to $y = \frac{3}{2}x - 7$ and which passes through the point (6, -8)?

(1)
$$y-8 = -\frac{2}{3}(x+6)$$
 (3) $y+8 = \frac{3}{2}(x-6)$
(2) $y-8 = \frac{3}{2}(x+6)$ (4) $y+8 = -\frac{2}{2}(x-6)$

(2)
$$y-8 = \frac{3}{2}(x+6)$$
 (4) $y+8 = -\frac{2}{3}(x-6)$



evaluating f(0).

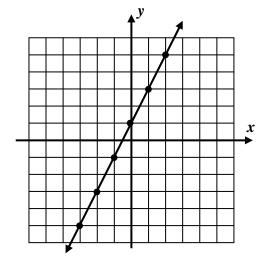
Exercise #4: A line passes through the points (5, -2) and (20, 4).

- (a) Determine the slope of this line in simplest rational form.
- (b) Write an equation of this line in point-slope form.

- (c) Write an equation for this line in slopeintercept form.
- (d) For what *x*-value will this line pass through a *y*-value of 12?

Exercise **#5**: The graph of a linear function is shown below.

- (a) Write the equation of this line in y = mx + b form.
- (b) What must be the slope of a line perpendicular to the one shown?
- (c) Draw a line perpendicular to the one shown that passes through the point (1, 3).
- (d) Write the equation of the line you just drew in pointslope form.



(e) Does the line that you drew contain the point (30, -15)? Justify.

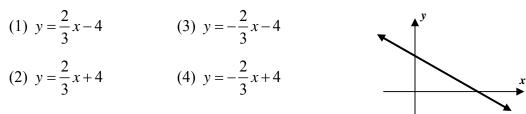




FORMS OF A LINE COMMON CORE ALGEBRA II HOMEWORK

FLUENCY

- 1. Which of the following lines is *perpendicular* to $y = \frac{5}{3}x 7$ and has a *y*-intercept of 4?
 - (1) $y = \frac{5}{3}x + 4$ (3) $y = 4x \frac{3}{5}$ (2) $y = -\frac{3}{5}x + 4$ (4) $y = \frac{3}{5}x + 4$
- 2. Which of the following lines passes through the point (-4, -8)?
 - (1) y+8=3(x+4) (3) y+8=3(x-4)
 - (2) y-8=3(x-4) (4) y-8=3(x+4)
- 3. Which of the following equations could describe the graph of the linear function shown below?



- 4. For a line whose slope is -3 and which passes through the point (5, -2):
 - (a) Write the equation of this line in point-slope form, $y y_1 = m(x x_1)$.
- (b) Write the equation of this line in slopeintercept form, y = mx + b.
- 5. For a line whose slope is 0.8 and which passes through the point (-3, 1):
 - (a) Write the equation of this line in point-slope form, $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$. (b) Write the equation of this line in slope-intercept form, y = mx + b.

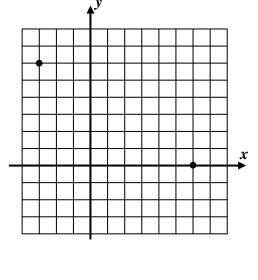


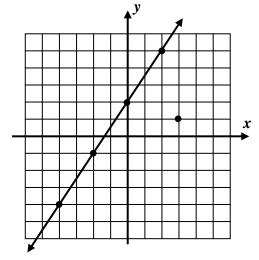


REASONING

- 6. The two points (-3, 6) and (6, 0) are plotted on the grid below.
 - (a) Find an equation, in y = mx + b form, for the line passing through these two points. Use of the grid is optional.

- (b) Does the point (30, -16) lie on this line? Justify.
- 7. A linear function is graphed below along with the point (3, 1).
 - (a) Draw a line parallel to the one shown that passes through the point (3, 1).
 - (b) Write an equation for the line you just drew in point-slope form.
 - (c) Between what two consecutive integers does the *y*-intercept of the line you drew fall?





(d) Determine the *exact* value of the *y*-intercept of the line you drew.





